

LUMPKIN COUNTY RESOLUTION No. 2008-32

**A RESOLUTION TO REPEAL LUMPKIN COUNTY RESOLUTION 96-5, AS AMENDED,
AND
TO ADOPT THE LUMPKIN COUNTY BUILDING CODES IMPLEMENTATION ORDINANCE TO
ENFORCE VARIOUS MINIMUM STANDARD CODES OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA RELATING TO
THE BUILDING INSPECTION ACTIVITIES OF LUMPKIN COUNTY AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE
ENFORCEMENT OF BUILDING PROVISIONS AS PROVIDED IN SAID CODES**

Whereas, the governing authority of Lumpkin County has determined that the Building Codes Implementation Ordinance of 1996 (96-5), as amended in 1998 (97-14) and 1999 (99-5) no longer meet the needs of the County; and,

Whereas, the governing authority of Lumpkin County now desires to implement the enforcement of the current Georgia State Minimum Standard Codes as identified by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs, which shall be referred to as the "technical codes;" and,

Whereas, the enforcement of these codes shall facilitate proper inspection activities of construction and maintenance of buildings and other construction as provided therein for the public safety, health and general welfare;

Now therefore, it is hereby resolved that it is the intent to enforce these codes, as adopted and amended by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The following codes hereafter are adopted for enforcement by reference as though they were copied fully herein:

International Building Code
International Mechanical Code
International Fuel Gas Code
National Electrical Code
International Fire Code
International Plumbing Code
International Residential Code
International Energy Conservation Code; and,

It is further ordained that the current edition of the following Code, as adopted and amended by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs, is hereby adopted for enforcement by reference as though it was copied herein fully:

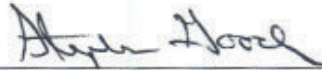
International Property Maintenance Code, Chapter 1, Sections 107 thru 110,
Chapter 2, Chapter 3 Sections 303 thru 308; and,

It is further ordained that the Building Codes Implementation Ordinance of 1996 (96-5), as amended in 1998 (97-14) and 1999 (99-5) are repealed as of the effective date set out below; and,

It is further ordained that in any matters in which the existing general ordinances of Lumpkin County are contrary or inconsistent with said Georgia Minimum Standard Codes, said Codes shall prevail; and,

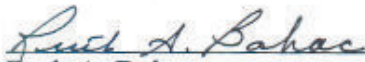
It is further ordained that the Administrative and Enforcement Procedures (attached hereto as Attachment "A"), the Permit Fees (attached hereto as Attachment "B"), and the Code Enforcement Functional Area of Responsibility and Employee Qualifications (attached hereto as Attachment "C") are adopted with the same effective date as provided below.

Resolved, adopted and effective this 17th day of July, 2008.



Stephen W. Gooch, Chairman
Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners

Attest:



Ruth A. Bohac
Clerk, Lumpkin County

ATTACHMENT "A"
ADMINISTRATION & ENFORCEMENT

1 Purpose and Scope

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Section is to provide for the administration and enforcement of the Georgia State Minimum Standard Codes as allowed heretofore adopted. Hereinafter all of Codes heretofore adopted shall be referred to as the "technical codes", as may be adopted by the state or local jurisdiction.

1.2 Code Remedial

1.2.1 General. These codes are hereby declared to be remedial, and shall be construed to secure the beneficial interests and purposes thereof - which are public safety, health, and general welfare - through structural strength, stability, sanitation, adequate light and ventilation, and safety to life and property from fire and other hazards attributed to the built environment including alteration, repair, removal, demolition, use and occupancy of buildings, structures, or premises, and by regulating the installation and maintenance of all electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems, which may be referred to as service systems.

1.2.2 Quality Control. Quality control of materials and workmanship is not within the purview of this Code except as it relates to the purposes stated herein. It is the intent of the governing authority that the final authority for quality control of materials and workmanship shall remain with the owner, builder, contractor or architect as may be appropriate, but that such authority shall not be exercised under the provisions of any building code unless specifically and unequivocally required by the language of the code provision.

1.2.3 Permitting and Inspection. The inspection or permitting of any building, system or plan, under the requirements of this Code shall not be construed in any court as a warranty of the physical condition of such building, system or plan or their adequacy. Neither the County nor any employee thereof shall be liable in tort for damages for any defect or hazardous or illegal condition or inadequacy in such building, system or plan, nor for any failure of any component of such, which may occur subsequent to such inspection or permitting. It is the intent of the governing authority that as a part of any inspection or permitting the issuing or approving official shall exercise the discretion of the office to the best of that official's ability in making each decision within the terms and conditions as provided by this ordinance and the various building codes hereby adopted.

1.3 Scope

1.3.1 Applicability;

General. Where, in any specific case, different sections of these codes specify different

materials, methods of construction or other requirements, the most restrictive shall govern. Where there is a conflict between a general requirement and a specific requirement, the specific requirement shall be applicable.

Building. The provisions of the International Building Code shall apply to the construction, alterations, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, locations, maintenance, removal and demolition, of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures. Except in one and two family dwellings.

Electricity. The provisions of the National Electrical Code shall apply to the installation of electrical systems, including alterations, repairs, replacement, equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and appurtenances thereto.

Gas. The provisions of the International Fuel Gas Code shall apply to the installation of consumer's gas piping, gas appliances and related accessories as covered in this Code. These requirements apply to gas piping systems extending from the point of delivery to the inlet connections of appliances and the installation and operation of residential and commercial gas appliances and related accessories. Except in one and two family dwellings.

Mechanical. The provisions of the International Mechanical Code shall apply to the installation of mechanical systems, including alterations, repairs, replacement, equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and/or appurtenances, including ventilating, heating, cooling, air conditioning and refrigeration systems, incinerators, and other energy-related systems. Except in one and two family dwellings.

Plumbing. The provisions of the International Plumbing Code shall apply to every plumbing installation, including alterations, repairs, replacement, equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and appurtenance, and when connected to a water or sewerage system.

Fire Prevention. The provisions of the International Fire Code shall apply to the construction, alteration, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures.

Energy. The provisions of the International Energy Conservation Code shall regulate the design of building envelopes for adequate thermal resistance and low air leakage and the design and selection of mechanical, electrical, service water heating and illumination systems and equipment that will enable the effective use of energy in new building construction.

One and Two Family Dwelling. The provisions of the International Residential Code shall apply to the construction, alteration, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, of every one or two family dwelling or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structure.

The International Property Maintenance Code, Chapter 1, Sections 107 thru 110, Chapter 2, Chapter 3 Sections 303 thru 308. The provisions of this code provide code enforcement

personnel with the necessary tools to have dangerous and unsafe buildings repaired or demolished, and to maintain existing structures in good repair, structurally sound and sanitary so as not to pose a threat to the public health, safety or welfare.

1.3.2 Federal and State Authority. The provisions of this Code shall not be held to deprive any Federal or State agency, or any applicable governing authority having jurisdiction, of any power or authority which it had on the effective date of the adoption of this Code or of any remedy then existing for the enforcement of its orders, nor shall it deprive any individual or corporation of its legal rights as provided by law.

1.3.3 Appendices. Appendices referenced in the code text of the technical codes shall be considered an integral part of the codes.

1.3.4 Referenced Standards. Standards referenced in the text of the technical codes shall be considered an integral part of the codes. If specific portions of a standard are denoted by code text, only those portions of the standard shall be enforced. Where code provisions conflict with a standard, the code provisions shall be enforced. Permissive and advisory provisions in a standard shall not be construed as mandatory.

1.3.5 Maintenance. All buildings, structures, electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems, both existing and new, and all parts thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition. All devices or safeguards which are required by the technical codes when constructed, altered, or repaired, shall be maintained in good working order. The owner or his designated agent shall be responsible for the maintenance of buildings, structures, electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems.

1.4 Building Department

There is hereby established a department to be called the Building Department which shall be a function of the Lumpkin County Planning Department and the person or persons in charge shall be known as the Building Official. The power and requirements of the office and the personnel therein are and shall be as set out in Attachment "C".

1.4.1 Restrictions on Employees. An Officer or employee connected with the department, except one whose only connection is as a member of the board established by this Code, shall not be financially interested in the furnishing of labor, material, or appliances for the construction, alteration or maintenance of a building, structure, service, system, or in the making of plans or of specifications thereof, maintenance of a building, structure, services, system, or in the making of plans or of specifications thereof, unless he is the owner of such. This officer or employee shall not engage in any other work which is inconsistent with his duties or conflict with the interests of the department.

1.4.2 Records. The building official shall keep, or cause to be kept, a record of the business of the department. The records of the department shall be open to public inspection.

1.4.3 Liability. Any officer or employee, or member of the Board of Adjustments and

Appeals, charged with the enforcement of this Code, acting for the applicable governing authority in the discharge of his duties, shall not thereby render himself personally liable, and is hereby relieved from all personal liability, for any damage that may occur to persons or property as a result of any act rebuked or permitted in the discharge of his duties. Any suit brought against any officer or employee or member because of such act performed by him in the enforcement of any provision of this Code shall be defended by the Department of Law until the final termination of the proceedings.

1.4.4 Reports. The Building official shall submit annually a report covering the work of the building department during the preceding year. He may incorporate in said report a summary of the decisions of the Board of Adjustments and Appeals during said year.

1.5 Existing Buildings

1.5.1 General. Alterations, repairs or rehabilitation work may be made to any existing structure, building, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system without requiring the building, structure, plumbing, electrical, mechanical or gas system to comply with all the requirements of the technical codes provided that the alterations, repair or rehabilitation work conforms to the requirements of the technical code for new construction. The Building Official shall determine the extent to which the existing system shall be made to conform to the requirements of the technical codes for new construction.

1.5.2 Change Of Occupancy. If the occupancy classification of any existing building or structure is changed, the building, electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems shall be made to conform to the intent of the technical codes as required by the Building Official.

1.6 Special Historic Buildings

The provisions of the technical codes relating to the construction, alteration, repair, enlargement, restoration, relocation or moving of buildings or structures shall not be mandatory for existing buildings or structures identified and classified by the state or local jurisdiction as Historic Buildings when such building or structures are judged by the Building Official to be safe and in the public interest of health, safety and welfare regarding any proposed construction, alteration, repair, enlargement, restoration, relocation or moving of buildings within fire districts.

2 Powers And Duties Of The Building Official

2.1 General

The Building Official is hereby authorized and directed to enforce the provisions of the technical codes. The Building Official is further authorized to render interpretations of the technical codes, which are consistent with its intent and purpose.

2.2 Right of Entry

2.2.1 Whenever necessary to make an inspection to enforce any of the provisions of this Code, or whenever the Building Official has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in any building or upon any premises any condition or code violation which makes such building, structure, premises, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems unsafe, dangerous or hazardous, the Building Official may enter such building, structure or premises at a reasonable time to inspect the same or to perform any duty imposed upon the Building Official by these technical codes, provided that if such building or premises is occupied, he shall first present proper credentials and request entry. If such structure or premises is unoccupied, he shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control of such and request entry. If entry is refused, the Building Official shall have recourse to every remedy provided by law to secure entry.

2.2.2 When the Building Official shall have first obtained a proper inspection warrant or other remedy provided by law to secure entry, no owner or occupant or any other persons having charge, care or control of any building, structure, or premises shall fail or neglect, after proper request is made as herein provided, to promptly permit entry therein by the Building Official for the purpose of inspection and examination pursuant to this Code.

2.3 Stop Work Orders

Upon notice from the Building Official, work on any building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system that is being done contrary to the provisions of the technical Codes or in a dangerous or unsafe manner, shall immediately cease. Such notice shall be in writing and shall be given to the owner of the property or to his agent, or to the person doing the work, and shall state the conditions under which work may be resumed. Where an emergency exists, the Building Official shall not be required to give a written notice prior to stopping the work.

2.4 Revocation of Permits

2.4.1 Misrepresentation of Application. The Building Official may revoke a permit or approval, issued under the provisions of this Code, in case there has been any false statement or misrepresentation as to the material fact in the application or plans on which the permit or approval was based.

2.4.2 Violation of Code Provisions. The Building Official may revoke a permit upon determination by the Building Official that the construction, erection, alteration, repair, moving, demolition, installation or replacement of the building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems for which the permit was issued is in violation of, or not in conformity with, the provisions of this Code.

2.5 Unsafe Buildings or Systems

All buildings, structures, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems which are unsafe, unsanitary, or do not provide adequate egress, or which constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life or which in relation to existing use, constitute a hazard to

safety or health are considered unsafe buildings or service systems. All such unsafe buildings, structures or service systems are hereby declared illegal and shall be abated by repair and rehabilitation or by demolition in accordance with the provisions of the International Property Maintenance Code.

2.6 Requirements Not Covered By Code

Any requirement necessary for the strength, stability or proper operation of an existing or proposed building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, or for the public safety, health and general welfare, not specifically covered by this or the other technical codes, shall be determined by the Building Official.

2.7 Alternate Materials and Methods

2.7.1 The provisions of the technical codes are not intended to prevent the use of any material or method of construction not specifically prescribed by them, provided any such alternate has been reviewed by the Building Official. The Building Official shall approve any such alternate, provided the Building Official finds that the alternate for the purpose intended is at least equivalent of that prescribed in the technical codes, in quality, strength, elusiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety. The Building Official shall require that sufficient evidence or proof be submitted to substantiate any claim made regarding the alternate.

2.7.2 Requirements of the codes to the contrary notwithstanding, it is the determination of the governing authority that any land owner desiring to build a residential dwelling or other structure on land owned by such owner shall be permitted to elect to use lumber or timbers which are "rough sawed" (which have not been smoothed or planed), and further that in such circumstance the owner shall be permitted to elect to use lumber or timbers which are not "graded" or "grade stamped" but which are instead ungraded lumber or timbers. In the event of such election the building permit shall contain the phrase "ungraded lumber elected by owners" or "rough sawed lumber elected by owner" or both, as the case may be. This election shall become a part of the permit and use of such ungraded or rough sawed lumber without such Section shall not be permitted.

2.7.3 Requirements of the codes to the contrary notwithstanding, it is the determination of the governing authority that any architect, engineer, builder or contractor desiring to build a residential dwelling or non-commercial structure, and having determined that the esthetics or decor require that special lumber or timber is required which does not otherwise meet code requirements, such architect, engineer, contractor or builder shall be permitted to elect to use lumber or timber which are "rough sawed" (which have not been smoothed or planed), and further that in such circumstance the architect, engineer, builder or contractor shall be permitted to elect to use lumber or timbers which are not "graded" or "grade stamped" but which are instead ungraded lumber or timbers. In the event of such election the building permit shall contain the phrase "ungraded lumber elected by architect, engineer, builder or contractor" or "rough sawed lumber elected by architect, engineer, builder or contractor" or both, as the case may be. This election shall become a part of the permit and must be made at the time the initial building permit is requested. Any use of such ungraded or rough sawed

lumber without such written election, except as may otherwise be permitted by the provisions of the code, shall be prima facie evidence of a code violation and shall be grounds for an automatic issue of a stop work order. In such case after issue of the stop work order a review by the Building Official shall be made within ten working days, and any review within such time period shall be considered a timely review. If, after review, the Building Official determines that such use was not elected at the time the initial application for a building permit was made, the nonconforming materials shall be removed and replaced by conforming materials.

3 Permits

3.1 Permit Application

3.1.1 When Required. Any owner, authorized agent, or contractor who desires to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by the technical codes, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the Building Official and obtain the required permit for the work.

Exception: Permits shall not be required for the following mechanical work:

1. any portable heating appliance ;
2. any portable ventilation equipment;
3. any portable cooling unit;
4. any steam, hot or chilled water piping within any heating or cooling equipment regulated by this code;
5. replacement of any part which does not alter its approval or make it unsafe;
6. any portable evaporative cooler;
7. any self-contained refrigeration system containing 10 lb. (4.54 kg.) or less of refrigerant and actuated by motors of 1 horsepower (746 W) or less.

3.1.2 Work Authorized. A building, electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing permit shall carry with it the right to construct or install the work, provided the same are shown on the drawings and set forth in the specifications filed with the application for the permit. Where these are not shown on the drawings and covered by the specifications submitted with the application, separate permits shall be required.

3.1.3 Minor Repairs. Ordinary minor repairs may be made with the approval of the Building Official without a permit, provided that such repairs shall not violate any of the provisions of the technical codes.

3.1.4 Information Required. Each application for a permit, with the required fee, shall be filed with the Building Official on forms furnished for that purpose, and shall contain a general description of the proposed work and its location. The application shall be signed by the owner, or his authorized agent. The building permit application shall indicate the proposed occupancy of all parts of the building and of that portion of the site or lot, if any,

not covered by the building or structure, and shall contain such other information as may be required by the Building Official.

3.1.5 Time Limitation. An application for a permit for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 6 months after the date of filing for the permit, unless before then a permit has been issued. One or more extensions of time for periods of not more than 90 days each may be allowed by the Building Official for the application provided the extension is requested in writing and justifiable cause is demonstrated.

3.2 Drawings and Specifications

3.2.1 Requirements. When required by the Building Official, two or more copies of specifications, and of drawings drawn to scale with sufficient clarity and detail to indicate the nature and character of the work, shall accompany the application for a permit. Such drawings and specifications shall contain information, in the form of notes or otherwise, as to the quality of materials, where quality is essential to conformity with the technical codes. Such information shall be specific, and the technical codes shall not be cited as a whole or in part, nor shall the term "legal" or its equivalent be used, as a substitute for specific information. All information, drawings, specifications and accompanying data shall bear the name and signature of the person responsible for the design.

3.2.2 Additional Data. The Building Official may require details, computations, stress diagrams, and other data necessary to describe the construction or installation and the basis of calculations. All drawings, specifications and accompanying data required by the Building Official to be prepared by an architect or engineer shall be affixed with their official seal.

3.2.3 Design Professional. The design professional shall be an architect or engineer legally registered under the laws of this state regulating the practice of architecture or engineering and shall affix his official seal to said drawings, specifications and accompanying data, for the following:

1. All Group A, E, and I occupancies.
2. Buildings and structures three stories or more high.
3. Buildings and structures 5000 sq. ft (465 m²) or more in area.

For all other buildings and structures, the submittal shall bear the certification of the applicant that some specific state law exception permits its preparation by a person not so registered.

Exception: Single family dwellings, regardless of size, shall require neither a registered architect or engineer, nor a certification that an architect or engineer is not required.

3.2.4 Structural and Fire Resistance Integrity. Plans for all buildings shall indicate how required structural and fire resistance integrity will be maintained where a penetration of a required fire resistance wall, floor or partition will be made for electrical, gas, mechanical,

plumbing, signal and communication conduits, pipes and systems and also indicate in sufficient detail how the fire integrity will be maintained where required fire resistance floors intersect the exterior walls.

3.2.5 Site Drawings. Drawings shall show the location of the proposed building or structure and of every existing building or structure on the site or lot. The Building Official may require a boundary line survey prepared by a qualified surveyor.

3.2.6 Hazardous Occupancies. The Building Official may require the following:

3.2.6.1 General Site Plan. A general site plan drawn at a legible scale which shall include, but not be limited to, the location of all buildings, exterior storage facilities, permanent access ways, evacuation routes, parking lots, internal roads, chemical loading areas, equipment cleaning areas, storm and sanitary sewer accesses, emergency equipment and adjacent property uses. The exterior storage areas shall be identified with the hazard classes and the maximum quantities per hazard class of hazardous materials stored.

3.2.6.2 Building Floor Plan. A building floor plan drawn to a legible scale which shall include, but not be limited to all hazardous materials storage facilities within the building and shall indicate rooms, doorways, corridors, exits, fire rated assemblies with their hourly rating, location of liquid tight rooms, and evacuation routes. Each hazardous materials storage facility shall be identified on the plan with the hazard classes and quantity range per hazard class or the hazardous materials stored.

3.3 Examination of Documents

3.3.1 Plan Review. The Building Official shall examine or cause to be examined each application for a permit and the accompanying documents, consisting of drawings, specifications, computations, and additional data, and shall ascertain by such examinations whether the construction indicated and described is in accordance with the requirements of the technical codes and all other pertinent laws or ordinances.

3.3.2 Affidavits. The Building Official may accept a sworn affidavit from a Registered Architect or Engineer stating that the plans submitted conform to the technical codes. For buildings and structures the affidavit shall state that the plans conform to the laws as to egress, type of construction and general arrangement and if accompanied by drawings showing the structural design, and by a statement that the plans and design conform to the requirements of the technical codes as to strength, stresses, strains, loads and stability. The Building Official may without any examination or inspection accept such affidavit, provided the architect or engineer who made such affidavit agrees to submit to the Building Official, copies of inspection reports as inspections are performed and upon completion of the structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems a certification that the structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system has been erected in accordance with the requirements of the technical codes. Where the Building Official relies upon such affidavit, the architect or engineer shall assume full responsibility for the compliance with all provisions of the technical codes and other pertinent laws or ordinances.

3.4 Issuing Permits

3.4.1 Action on Permits. The Building Official shall act upon an application for a permit without unreasonable or unnecessary delay. If the Building Official is satisfied that the work described in an application for a permit and the contract documents filed therewith conform to the requirements of the technical codes and other pertinent laws and ordinances, he shall issue a permit to the applicant.

3.4.2 Refusal to Issue Permit. If the application for a permit and the accompanying contract documents describing the work do not conform to the requirements of the technical codes or other pertinent laws or ordinances the Building Official shall not issue a permit, but shall return the contract documents to the applicant with his refusal to issue such permit. Such refusal shall, when requested, be in writing and shall contain the reason for refusal.

3.4.3 Special Foundation Permit. When application for permit to erect or enlarge a building has been filed and pending issuance of such permit, the Building Official may, at his discretion, issue a special permit for the foundation only. The holder of such a special permit is proceeding at his own risk and without assurance that a permit for the remainder of the work will be granted or that corrections will not be required in order to meet provisions of the technical codes.

3.5 Contractors Responsibilities

It shall be the duty of every contractor who shall make contracts for the installation or repairs of building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical, sprinkler or plumbing systems, for which a permit is required, to comply with state or local rules and regulations concerning licensing which the applicable governing authority may have adopted. In such case that the state requires a contractor to have obtained a state license before they are permitted to perform work the contractor shall supply the local government with their license number before receiving a permit for work to be preformed.

3.6 Conditions of the Permit

3.6.1 Permit Intent. A permit issued shall be construed to be a license to proceed with the work and not as authority to violate, cancel, alter, or set aside any of the provisions of the technical codes, nor shall issuance of a permit prevent the Building Official from thereafter requiring a correction of errors in plans, construction, or violations of this Code. Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work authorized by such permit is commenced within 6 months after its issuance, or if the work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 6 months after the time the work is commenced. One or more extensions of time, for periods not more than 90 days each, may be allowed for the permit. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated. Extensions shall be in writing by the Building Official.

3.6.2 Permit Issued On Basis of an Affidavit. Whenever a permit is issued in reliance upon

an affidavit or whenever the work to be covered by a permit involves installation under conditions which in the opinion of the Building Official, are hazardous or complex, the Building Official shall require that the architect or engineer shall supervise such work. In addition, they shall be responsible for conformity with the permit, provide copies of inspection reports as inspections are performed, and upon completion make and file with the Building Official written affidavit that the work has been done in conformity with the reviewed plans and with the structural provisions of the technical codes. In the event such architect or engineer is not available, the owner shall employ in his stead a competent person or agency whose qualifications are reviewed by the Building Official.

3.6.3 Plans. When the Building Official issues a permit, he shall enforce, in writing or by stamp, both sets of plans "Reviewed for Code Compliance". One set of drawings so reviewed shall be retained by the Building Official and the other set shall be returned to the applicant. The permitted drawings shall be kept at the site of work and shall be open to inspection by the Building Official or his authorized representative.

3.7 Fees

3.7.1 Prescribed Fees. A permit shall not be issued until the fees prescribed by the governing body have been paid. Nor shall an amendment to a permit be released until the additional fee, if any, due to an increase in the estimated cost of the building, structure, electrical, plumbing, and mechanical or gas systems, etc. has been paid.

3.7.2 Work Commencing Before Permit Issuance. Any person who commences any work on a building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing, etc. system before obtaining the necessary permits, shall be subject to a penalty of 100% of the usual permit fee in addition to the required permit fees.

3.7.3 Accounting. The Building Official shall keep a permanent and accurate accounting of all permit fees and other monies collected, the names of all persons upon whose account the same was paid, along with the date and amount thereof.

3.7.4 Schedule of Permit Fees. On all buildings, structures, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, and gas systems or alterations requiring a permit, a fee for each permit shall be paid as required at the time of filing application, in accordance with the fee schedules as set by the governing body.

3.7.5 Building Permit Valuations. If, in the opinion of the Building Official, the valuation of building, alteration, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems appear to be underestimated on the applications, permit shall be denied, unless the applicant can show detailed estimates to meet the approval of the Building Official. Permit valuations shall include total cost, such as electrical, gas, mechanical, plumbing equipment and other systems, including materials and labor.

3.8 Inspections

3.8.1 Existing Building Inspections. Before issuing a permit the Building Official may examine or cause to be examined any building, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems for which an application has been received for a permit to enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, install, or change the occupancy. He shall inspect all buildings, structures, electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems, from time to time, during and upon completion of the work for which a permit was issued. He shall make a record of every such examination and inspection and of all violations of the technical codes.

3.8.2 Manufacturers and Fabricators. When deemed necessary by the Building Official he shall make, or cause to be made, an inspection of materials or assemblies at the point of manufacture or fabrication. A record shall be made of every such examination and inspection and of all violations of the technical codes.

3.8.3 Inspection Service. The Building Official may make, or cause to be made, the inspections required by 3.8.6. He may accept reports of inspectors of recognized inspection services provided that after investigation he is satisfied as to their qualifications and reliability. A certificate called for by any provision of the technical codes shall not be based on such reports unless the same are in writing and certified by a responsible officer of such service.

3.8.4 Inspections Prior To Issuance of Certificate of Occupancy or Completion. The Building Official shall inspect or cause to be inspected at various intervals all construction or work for which a permit is required, and a final inspection shall be made of every building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system upon completion, prior to the issuance of the Certification of Occupancy or Completion.

3.8.5 Posting of Permit. Work requiring a permit shall not commence until the permit holder or his agent posts the permit card in a conspicuous place on the premises. The permit shall be protected from the weather and located in such position as to permit the Building Official or representative to conveniently make the required entries thereon. This permit card shall be maintained in such position by the permit holder until the Certificate of Occupancy or Completion is issued by the Building Official.

3.8.6 Required Inspections. The Building Official upon notification from the permit holder or his agent shall make the following inspections and such other inspections as necessary, and shall either release that portion of the construction or shall notify the permit holder or his agent of any violations which must be corrected in order to comply with the technical code:

Site

1. Initial Erosion control: To be made prior to foundation inspection.
2. Rough-In Erosion Control: To be made prior to framing inspection.

Building

1. Foundation inspection: To be made after trenches are excavated and forms erected.
2. Frame Inspection: To be made after the roof, all framing, fire blocking and bracing are in place, all concealed wiring, all pipes, chimneys, ducts and vents are complete.

3. Final Inspection: To be made after the building is completed and ready for occupancy.

Electrical

1. Underground Inspection: To be made after trenches or ditches are excavated, conduit or cable installed, and before any backfill is put in place.
2. Rough-In Inspection: To be made after the roof, framing, fire blocking and bracing is in place and prior to the installation of wall or ceiling membranes.
3. Final Inspection: To be made after the building is complete, all required electrical fixtures are in place and properly connected or protected, and the structure is ready for occupancy.

Plumbing

1. Underground Inspection: To be made after trenches or ditches are excavated, piping installed, and before any backfill is put in place.
2. Rough-In Inspection: To be made after the roof, framing, fire blocking and bracing is in place and all soil, waste and vent piping is complete, and prior to the installation of wall or ceiling membranes.
3. Final Inspection: To be made after the building is complete, all plumbing fixtures are in place and properly connected, and the structure is ready for occupancy.

Mechanical

1. Underground Inspection: To be made after trenches or ditches are excavated, underground duct and fuel piping installed, and before any backfill is put in place.
2. Rough-In Inspection: To be made after the roof, framing, fire blocking and bracing are in place and all ducting, and other concealed components are complete, and prior to the installation of wall or ceiling membranes.
3. Final Inspection: To be made after the building is complete, the mechanical system is in place and properly connected, and the structure is ready for occupancy.

Gas

1. Rough Piping Inspection: To be made after all new piping authorized by the permit has been installed and before any such piping has been covered or concealed or any fixtures or gas appliances have been connected.
2. Final Piping Inspection: To be made after all piping authorized by the permit has been installed and after all portions which are to be concealed by plastering or otherwise have been so concealed, and before any fixtures or gas appliances have been connected. This inspection shall include a pressure test.
3. Final inspection: To be made on all new gas work authorized by the permit and such portions of existing systems as may be affected by new work or any changes, to insure compliance with all the requirements of this Code and to assure that the installation and construction of the gas system is in accordance with reviewed plans.

Energy

1. Foundation Inspection: To be made before slab concrete is poured in place to verify that perimeter insulation has been installed correctly on any slab on grade foundations.
2. Frame Inspection: To be made before exterior wall insulation is concealed by wall board to check installation of exterior walls insulation and to inspect that all holes and cracks

through the structure envelope have been sealed in an appropriate manner as to restrict air passage.

3. Final Inspection: To be made after the building is completed and ready for occupancy, to verify installation and R-value of ceiling and floor insulation and to verify correct SEER ratings on appliances.

3.8.7 Written Release. Work shall not be done on any part of a building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system beyond the point indicated in each successive inspection without first obtaining a written release from the Building Official. Such written release shall be given only after an inspection has been made of each successive step in the construction or installation as indicated by each of the foregoing three inspections.

3.8.8 Reinforcing Steel, Structural Frames, Insulation, Plumbing, Mechanical, or Electrical Systems. Reinforcing steel, structural frame, insulation, plumbing, work of any part of any building or structure shall not be covered or concealed without first obtaining a release from the Building Official.

3.9 Certificates

3.9.1 Certificate of Occupancy

3.9.1.1 Building Occupancy. A new building shall not be occupied or a change made in the occupancy, nature or use of a building or part of a building until after the Building Official has issued a Certificate of Occupancy. Said Certificate shall not be issued until all required electrical, gas, mechanical, plumbing and fire protection systems have been inspected for compliance with the technical codes and other applicable laws and ordinances and released by the Building Official.

3.9.1.2 Issuing Certificate of Occupancy. Upon satisfactory completion of construction of a building or structure and installation of electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems in accordance with the technical codes, reviewed plans and specifications, and after the final inspection, the Building Official shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy stating the nature of the occupancy permitted, the number of persons for each floor when limited by law, and the allowable load per square foot for each floor in accordance with the provisions of the technical codes.

3.9.1.3 Temporary/Partial Occupancy. A temporary/partial certificate of occupancy may be issued for a portion of a building which may safely be occupied prior to final completion of the building.

3.9.1.4 Existing Building Certificate of Occupancy. A Certificate of Occupancy for any existing building may be obtained by applying to the Building Official and supplying the information and data necessary to determine compliance with the technical codes for the occupancy intended. Where necessary, in the opinion of the Building Official, two sets of detailed drawings, or a general inspection, or both, may be required. When, upon examination and inspection, it is found that the building conforms to the provisions of the

technical codes and other applicable laws and ordinances for such occupancy, a Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued.

3.9.2 Certificate of Completion. Upon satisfactory completion of a building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, a Certificate of Completion may be issued. This Certificate is proof that a structure or system is complete and, for certain types of permits, is released for use and may be connected to a utility system. This Certificate does not grant authority to occupy or connect a building, such as a shell building, prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

3.9.3 Service Utilities

3.9.3.1 Connection of Service Utilities. No person shall make connection from a utility, source of energy, fuel or power to any building or system which is regulated by the technical codes for which a permit is required, until release by the Building Official and a Certificate of Occupancy or Completion is issued.

3.9.3.2 Temporary Connection. The Building Official may authorize the temporary connection of the building or system to the utility source of energy, fuel or power for the purpose of testing building service systems or for use under a temporary Certificate of Occupancy.

3.9.3.3 Authority to Disconnect Service Utilities. The Building Official shall have the authority to authorize disconnection of utility service to the building, structure or system regulated by the technical codes, in case of emergency where necessary to eliminate an immediate hazard to life or property. The Building Official shall notify the serving utility, and whenever possible the owner and occupant of the building, structure or service system of the decision to disconnect prior to taking such action. If not notified prior to disconnect the owner or occupant of the building, structure or service system shall be notified in writing, as soon as practical thereafter.

3. 10 Posting Floor Loads

3.10.1 Occupancy. An existing or new building shall not be occupied for any purpose which will cause the floors thereof to be loaded beyond their safe capacity. The Building Official may permit occupancy of a building for mercantile, commercial or industrial purpose, by a specific business, when he is satisfied that such capacity will not thereby be exceeded.

3.10.2 Storage and Factory-Industrial Occupancies. It shall be the responsibility of the owner, agent, proprietor or occupant of Group S and Group F occupancies, or any occupancy where excessive floor loading is likely to occur, to employ a competent architect or engineer in computing the safe load capacity. All computations shall be accompanied by an affidavit from the architect or engineer stating the safe allowable floor load on each floor in pounds per square foot uniformly distributed. The computations and affidavit shall be filed as a permanent record of the Building Department.

3.10.3 Signs Required. In every building or part of a building used for storage, industrial or hazardous purpose, the safe floor loads, as reviewed by the Building Official on the plan, shall be marked on plates of approved design which shall be supplied and securely affixed by the owner of the building in a conspicuous place in each story to which they relate. Such plates shall not be removed or defaced, and if lost, removed or defaced, shall be replaced by the owner of the building.

4 Tests

The Building Official may require tests or test reports as proof of compliance. Required tests are to be made at the expense of the owner or his agent, by an approved testing laboratory or other approved agency.

5 Severability

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this code is for any reason held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Code.

6 Violations And Penalties

6.1.1 Violation of Code a Misdemeanor. Any person, firm, corporation or agent who shall violate a provision of the Technical Codes, or fail to comply therewith, or with any of the requirement, thereof, or who shall erect, construct, alter, install, demolish or move any structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, or has erected, constructed, altered, repaired, moved or demolished a building, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, in violation of a detailed statement or drawing submitted and permitted there under, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

6. 1.2 Separate Offenses. Each such person shall be considered guilty of a separate offence for each and every day or portion thereof during which any violation of any of the provisions of the Code is committed or continued, and upon conviction of any such violation such person shall be punished within the limits and as provided by state laws.

6.2.1 Citations and Warrants. In any case where a violation is identified, such case may be brought by citation or by warrant. Citation may be issued by any building official, chief building inspector, building inspector, or any duly sworn law enforcement officer. Warrants may be taken by any party appearing and giving testimony as may be provided by general laws of this state for misdemeanors.

6.2.2 Violations Brought Before Grand Jury. Violations of this ordinance may be brought before any grand jury in the manner provided for misdemeanors.

6.3.1 Punishment. Any violation may be punished by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 per occurrence and confinement for a period not to exceed one day for each occurrence, with

total time of confinement not to exceed one year.

7 Jurisdiction And Venue

Unless otherwise provided by law, the Lumpkin County Magistrate Court shall, in addition to any other court as may be by law provided, shall have jurisdiction and venue to hear any case of a violation of this code.

ATTACHMENT "C"
CODE ENFORCEMENT
FUNCTIONAL AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY
AND
EMPLOYEE QUALIFICATIONS

B101 Building Official. The building official shall be the County Planning Director and the Deputy Planning Director, who shall serve with the same powers as the director, but in all cases where there may exist a difference of opinion the opinion of the director shall be established, published and promulgated as the official position of the office. The Building Official shall have such experience as the governing authority may deem necessary and appropriate. The Building Official shall be appointed or hired by the applicable governing authority and shall not be removed except for cause after full opportunity has been given to be heard on specific charges before such applicable governing authority.

B101.1 Chief Inspector Qualifications. The Building Official, with the approval of the applicable governing authority, may designate one or more chief inspectors to administer the provisions of the Building, Electrical, Gas, Mechanical and Plumbing Codes. Each chief inspector shall have such experience as the planning director, deputy director and governing authority may agree and direct, and such experience required as may be determined necessary and proper at the time the first chief inspector is designated shall be reduced to writing and set out in memorandum form as a finding of the three parties making the determination. Such finding shall be attached hereto and shall become a part of the qualification until amended or revised by subsequent finding. Any person designated as a chief inspector shall become certified through a recognized certification program for the appropriate trade. They shall not be removed from office except for cause after full opportunity has been given to be heard on specific charges before each applicable governing authority.

B101.2 Inspector Qualifications. The Building Official, with the approval of the governing authority, may appoint or hire such number of officers, inspectors, assistants and other employees as shall be authorized from time to time. No person shall be appointed or hired until the job description and background experience required has been determined by finding as provided next above. Such finding shall be attached hereto and shall become a part of the qualification until amended or revised by subsequent finding.